Exhibit: 37

No. of Pages....19

	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP (OUT Folloy
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 31 >	PREV NEXT U.S. CODE
<u> </u>	
18 USC Chapter 31 - EMBEZZLEMENT AND THEFT	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
There are 4 Updates Pending. Select the tab below to view.	
¥	Title 18 USC, RS
US Code Notes Updates	Table of Popula
	Parallel Table o
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Self. (
• 5641 Public manay page 1	
 §641. Public money, property or records §642. Tools and materials for counterfeiting purposes 	
• § 643. Accounting generally for public money	
 § 644. Banker receiving unauthorized deposit of public money 	Donations c
• § 645. Court officers generally	Comments & Comments of the Com
 § 646. Court officers depositing registry moneys 	
• §647. Receiving loan from court officer	GET INVOLVEI
 §648. Custodians, generally, misusing public funds 	111.6
 §649. Custodians failing to deposit moneys; persons affected 	<u>LII Annour</u>
 §650. Depositaries failing to safeguard deposits 	LII Suprem
 §651. Disbursing officer falsely certifying full payment 	MAKE A D
• §652. Disbursing officer paying lesser in lieu of lawful amount	CONTRIBL
• §653. Disbursing officer misusing public funds	BECOME A
 §654. Officer or employee of United States converting property of anothe §655. Theft by bank examiner 	GIVE FEED
 §656. Theft, embezzlement, or misapplication by bank officer or employed 	
• § 657. Lending, credit and insurance institutions	<u>ee</u>
 §658. Property mortgaged or pledged to farm credit agencies 	
 §659. Interstate or foreign shipments by carrier; State prosecutions 	FIND A LAWYE
 § 660. Carrier's funds derived from commerce: State prosecutions 	
 §661. Within special maritime and territorial jurisdiction 	All lawyers
 § 662. Receiving stolen property within special maritime and territorial jur 	risdiction
• §663. Solicitation or use of gifts	
 § 664. Theft or embezzlement from employee benefit plan 	Y ATAT A DANKER
• §665. Theft or embezzlement from employment and training funds; impr	LAW ABOUT,
inducement; obstruction of investigations	• Embezzleme
• § 666. Theft or bribery concerning programs receiving Federal funds	• White-collar
 § 667. Theft of livestock § 668. Theft of major artwork 	• Computer ar
• § 669. Theft or embezzlement in connection with health care	• Statute of lin
entrance in connection with health care	

4	2.2 (4.5)
	Search
	Variation and the second secon
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Folio
7	
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 31 > § 641 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 641 - Public money, property or records	SEARCH US COD
10 000 3 041 Tubile money, property of records	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
Thorse in 1 Undate Paradiana Calant di anti-tale la	The state of the s
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view.	Download the P
US Code Notes Updates Authorities (CFR)	Title 18 USC, RS
<u> </u>	Table of Popula
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Parallel Table o
	8+1
Whoever embezzles, steals, purloins, or knowingly converts to his use or the use of	
another, or without authority, sells, conveys or disposes of any record, voucher, money,	
or thing of value of the United States or of any department or agency thereof, or any	
property made or being made under contract for the United States or any department or	<u>Donations</u> c
agency thereof; or	
Whoever receives, conceals, or retains the same with intent to convert it to his use or gain, knowing it to have been embezzled, stolen, purloined or converted—	GET INVOLVEI
Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; but if the	LII Annour
value of such property in the aggregate, combining amounts from all the counts for which the defendant is convicted in a single case, does not exceed the sum of \$1,000, he	LII Suprem
shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.	MAKE A D
	CONTRIBL
The word "value" means face, par, or market value, or cost price, either wholesale or retail, whichever is greater.	BECOME A
in the state of th	<u>GIVE FEED</u>
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links	
to or references LII.	
	FIND A LAWYE
	All lawyers
	AMARIAN DI DAMENTAMORINA DALI BASI
	LAW ABOUT
	Diagram
M.	• <u>Disentail</u>
	• <u>Contributory</u>
	• <u>Embezzleme</u>

			/ MA MALALIA 12
			Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER	t / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP	OUT	Follov
	u		
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chap	oter 31 > § 663 >	PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 663 - Solicitation or	use of gifts	DES DESCRIPTION OF STREET	SEARCH US COD
,			Wex: Criminal L
US Code Notes Updates			
Current through Pub. L. <u>113–36</u> . (See <u>Pub</u>	•		Download the P Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table o
Whoever solicits any gift of money or othe being solicited for the use of the United St			8+1
stealing, or purloining such gift, or conver	AND		
whoever, having come into possession of a			
by the owner thereof for the use of the Un		Charles and State of State of The State of State	Donations c
money or property, or converts the same t under this title or imprisoned not more tha		be fined	<u>Donations</u> c
under this title of imprisoned not more tha	in live years, or both.		
	•		GET INVOLVEI
LII has no control over and does not endor	se anv evternal Internet site that	contains links	
to or references Lll.	se any external meether she that	comanis miks	LII Annour
			LII Suprem
pi variati nganat paganati sakat nga kao . I malah alakit tahudik sakit	en e	a la comercialità de la company de la co	en e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
			MAKE A D CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
			******* *** ***** ************
		0	
		6	TITATIA A F ATAMOTI
			FIND A LAWYE
			All lawyers
			LAW ABOUT
•	•		• Embezzleme
			• Statute of lin
			 Bailment

	All and the most of the second
	Searcl
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follo
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 31 > § 666 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 666 - Theft or bribery concerning programs	SEARCH US COD
receiving Federal funds	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Parallel Table of
(a) Whoever, if the circumstance described in subsection (b) of this section exists—	(8+1) -
(1) being an agent of an organization, or of a State, local, or Indian tribal government, or any agency thereof—	
(A) embezzles, steals, obtains by fraud, or otherwise without authority knowingly converts to the use of any person other than the rightful owner or intentionally misapplies, property that—	<u>Donations</u> c
(i) is valued at \$5,000 or more, and	GET INVOLVEI
(ii) is owned by, or is under the care, custody, or control of such organization, government, or agency; or	LII Annour
(B) corruptly solicits or demands for the benefit of any person, or accepts or agrees to accept, anything of value from any person, intending to be influenced or rewarded in connection with any business, transaction, or series of transactions of such organization, government, or agency involving any thing of value of \$5,000 or more; or	LII Suprem MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
(2) corruptly gives, offers, or agrees to give anything of value to any person, with intent to influence or reward an agent of an organization or of a State, local or Indian tribal government, or any agency thereof, in connection with any business, transaction, or series of transactions of such organization, government, or agency involving anything of value of \$5,000 or more;	FIND A LAWYE
shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.	
(b) The circumstance referred to in subsection (a) of this section is that the organization, government, or agency receives, in any one year period, benefits in excess of \$10,000 under a Federal program involving a grant, contract, subsidy, loan, guarantee, insurance, or other form of Federal assistance.	LAW ABOUT • White-collar
(c) This section does not apply to bona fide salary, wages, fees, or other compensation paid, or expenses paid or reimbursed, in the usual course of business.	KickbacksPublic corrur

- (d) As used in this section—
 - (1) the term "agent" means a person authorized to act on behalf of another person or a government and, in the case of an organization or government, includes a servant or employee, and a partner, director, officer, manager, and representative;
 - (2) the term "government agency" means a subdivision of the executive, legislative, judicial, or other branch of government, including a department, independent establishment, commission, administration, authority, board, and bureau, and a corporation or other legal entity established, and subject to control, by a government or governments for the execution of a governmental or intergovernmental program;
 - (3) the term "local" means of or pertaining to a political subdivision within a State;
 - (4) the term "State" includes a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States; and
 - (5) the term "in any one-year period" means a continuous period that commences no earlier than twelve months before the commission of the offense or that ends no later than twelve months after the commission of the offense. Such period may include time both before and after the commission of the offense.

South Africa

• Communicat

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.

ABOUT LII

CONTACT US

ADVERTISE HERE

HELP

TERMS OF USE

	Searcl
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 47 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC Chapter 47 - FRAUD AND FALSE STATEMENTS	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Parallel Table o
• §1001. Statements or entries generally	8+1 (
 § 1002. Possession of false papers to defraud United States 	1
• §1003. Demands against the United States	HEAT IN THE SHARE WATER
§ 1004. Certification of checks	AND AND THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED I
• § 1005. Bank entries, reports and transactions	Donations o
• § 1006. Federal credit institution entries, reports and transactions	
• § 1007. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation transactions	
 [§§ 1008, 1009. Repealed.] § 1010. Department of Housing and Urban Development and Federal Housing 	GET INVOLVEI
Administration transactions	
• §1011. Federal land bank mortgage transactions	LII Annour
• §1012. Department of Housing and Urban Development transactions	LII Suprem
• §1013. Farm loan bonds and credit bank debentures	MANUE A D.
• §1014. Loan and credit applications generally; renewals and discounts; crop	MAKE A D CONTRIBL
insurance	BECOME A
• §1015. Naturalization, citizenship or alien registry	GIVE FEED
• §1016. Acknowledgment of appearance or oath	1 1011111111111111111111111111111111111
• §1017. Government seals wrongfully used and instruments wrongfully sealed	**************************************
• §1018. Official certificates or writings	
• § 1019. Certificates by consular office	
• §1020. Highway projects	FIND A LAWYE
• §1021. Title records	5.300
• §1022. Delivery of certificate, voucher, receipt for military or naval property	All lawyers
• §1023. Insufficient delivery of money or property for military or naval service	
• §1024. Purchase or receipt of military, naval, or veteran's facilities property	
• §1025. False pretenses on high seas and other waters	LAW ABOUT
• §1026. Compromise, adjustment, or cancellation of farm indebtedness	12111 ABOU 1
• §1027. False statements and concealment of facts in relation to documents required	• Government
by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974	• Computer ar
 § 1028. Fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents, 	• False Pretens
authentication features, and information	• White-collar
• § 1028A. Aggravated identity theft	• winte-conar

• § 1029. Fraud and related activity in connection with access devices

Bankruptcy f

- § 1030. Fraud and related activity in connection with computers
- § 1031. Major fraud against the United States
- § 1032. Concealment of assets from conservator, receiver, or liquidating agent
- §1033. Crimes by or affecting persons engaged in the business of insurance whose activities affect interstate commerce
- §1034. Civil penalties and injunctions for violations of section 1033
- § 1035. False statements relating to health care matters
- §1036. Entry by false pretenses to any real property, vessel, or aircraft of the United States or secure area of any airport or seaport
- § 1037. Fraud and related activity in connection with electronic mail
- §1038. False information and hoaxes
 - §1039. Fraud and related activity in connection with obtaining confidential phone records information of a covered entity
 - §1040. Fraud in connection with major disaster or emergency benefits

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.

ABOUT LII CONTACT US ADVERTISE HERE HELP TERMS OF USE

	Seard
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 47 > § 1001 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1001 - Statements or entries generally	SEARCH US COD Wex: Criminal L
US Code Notes Updates Authorities (CFR)	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See <u>Public Laws for the current Congress</u> .)	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, whoever, in any matter within the jurisdiction of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the Government of the United States, knowingly and willfully—	. 8+1 -
(1) falsifies, conceals, or covers up by any trick, scheme, or device a material fact;	
(2) makes any materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation; or	Donations c
(3) makes or uses any false writing or document knowing the same to contain any materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry;	
shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years or, if the offense involves international or domestic terrorism (as defined in section 2331), imprisoned not more than 8 years, or both. If the matter relates to an offense under chapter 109A, 109B, 110, or 117, or section 1591, then the term of imprisonment imposed under this section shall be not more than 8 years.	GET INVOLVEI LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D
(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to a partic to a judicial proceeding, or that party's counsel, for statements, representations, writings or documents submitted by such party or counsel to a judge or magistrate in that proceeding.	CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
(c) With respect to any matter within the jurisdiction of the legislative branch, subsection (a) shall apply only to—	
(1) administrative matters, including a claim for payment, a matter related to the procurement of property or services, personnel or employment practices, or support services, or a document required by law, rule, or regulation to be submitted to the	FIND A LAWYE
Congress or any office or officer within the legislative branch; or	<u>All lawyers</u>
(2) any investigation or review, conducted pursuant to the authority of any committee, subcommittee, commission or office of the Congress, consistent with applicable rules of the House or Senate.	LAW ABOUT
LII has no control over and does not endosse any external internet site that contains links to or references LII.	Securities ExAdmissionFraudulent n

			,
			Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW /	FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPED	DIA / HELP OUT	Follo
USC → Title 18→	Part 1 > Chapter 63 >	PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC Chapter 62 -	MAIL FRAUD AND OT	HER FRAIID	SEARCH US COD
OFFENSES			Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
	ing. Select the tab below to view.	e e	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
US Code Notes Updat	'es		841. (
Current through Pub. L. 113-	36. (See Public Laws for the currer	<u>nt Congress</u> .)	5 CO 2 S AN INCOME.
• §1341. Frauds and swindl • §1342. Fictitious name or	address	anganggangangan sangar mang pambahan pangan pan	<u>Donations</u> c
 §1343. Fraud by wire, rad §1344. Bank fraud §1345. Injunctions agains 			GET INVOLVEI
 § 1346. Definition of "sche § 1347. Health care fraud 			<u>LII Annour</u>
 § 1348. Securities and con § 1349. Attempt and cons 			<u>LII Suprem</u>
202000000000000000000000000000000000000	e officers to certify financial repo	<u>rts</u>	MAKE A DE CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
	es not endorse any external Intern	net site that contains links	
to or references LII.			FIND A LAWYE
			All lawyers
	e e		Pattiretratum/imaugnet an n
			LAW ABOUT
			swindleswindle
	0 3		Insurance fraComputer ar

l of 2

	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T
ä.	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follo
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 63 > § 1341 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1341 - Frauds and swindles	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See <u>Public Laws for the current Congress</u> .)	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
Whoever, having devised or intending to devise any scheme or artifice to defraud, or for	1 mm - 1 mm
obtaining money or property by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations,	8+1 (
or promises, or to sell, dispose of, loan, exchange, alter, give away, distribute, supply, or furnish or procure for unlawful use any counterfeit or spurious coin, obligation, security, or other article, or anything represented to be or intimated or held out to be such	
counterfeit or spurious article, for the purpose of executing such scheme or artifice or	Donations c
attempting so to do, places in any post office or authorized depository for mail matter,	
any matter or thing whatever to be sent or delivered by the Postal Service, or deposits or	
causes to be deposited any matter or thing whatever to be sent or delivered by any	GET INVOLVEI
private or commercial interstate carrier, or takes or receives therefrom, any such matter or thing, or knowingly causes to be delivered by mail or such carrier according to the	LII Annour
direction thereon, or at the place at which it is directed to be delivered by the person to	LII Suprem
whom it is addressed, any such matter or thing, shall be fined under this title or	MAKE A D
imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both. If the violation occurs in relation to, or involving any benefit authorized, transported, transmitted, transferred, disbursed, or	CONTRIBL
paid in connection with, a presidentially declared major disaster or emergency (as those	BECOME A
terms are defined in section 102 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency	GIVE FEED
Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122)), or affects a financial institution, such person shall be	
fined not more than \$1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than 30 years, or both.	
	69 69
	FIND A LAWYE
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links	8
to or references LII.	Ali lawyers
4	E-1011 19019
	LAW ABOUT
	 Ponzi schem
	• <u>Bailment</u>
	• <u>swindle</u>

The state of the s			
	3.		Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LA	WYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA	/ WELD OUT	Follov
ASSOCIATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	WILL / LEGAL ENGINEER	THEEF OUT	, Ollov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > 0	Chapter 63 > § 1343 >	PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1343 - Fraud by v	wire, radio, or televis	ion	SEARCH US COD
US Code Notes Updates			Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
opacies			Download the P
Current through Pub. L. <u>113–36</u> . (See	Public Laws for the current C	ongress.)	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula
	e en		Parallel Table of
Whoever, having devised or intending	23 The St.	ADMINISTRAÇÃO DE CARACTER A PROPERTO A DESCRIPANTA DE CARACTER A DESCRIPANTA DE CARACTER D	8+1 :
obtaining money or property by means or promises, transmits or causes to be	•		<u> </u>
communication in interstate or foreign			
or sounds for the purpose of executing	g such scheme or artifice, sha	ll be fined under this	
title or imprisoned not more than 20 y		1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	<u>Donations</u> c
or involving any benefit authorized, tra	5.71 37 (5)	5) 5	
paid in connection with, a presidentiall terms are defined in section 102 of the			GET INVOLVEI
Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122)), or aff			GET INVOLVES
fined not more than \$1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than 30 years, or both.		LII Annour	
			<u>LII Supren</u>
			MAKE A D
LII has no control over and does not en to or references LII.	ndorse any external internet s	ite that contains links	CONTRIBL
to of references Lif.	€*		BECOME A
			GIVE FEED
	V		

			FIND A LAWYE
			All lawyers
	*		E STATE OF THE STA
	8		
	g		LAW ABOUT
	*		
			• <u>Media</u>
			• Communicat
			• Wire Fraud

	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follo
USC > Title 18 > Part I > Chapter 63 > § 1349 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1349 - Attempt and conspiracy	SEARCH US COD
US Code Notes Updates	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) Any person who attempts or conspires to commit any offense under this chapter shall be subject to the same penalties as those prescribed for the offense, the commission of	Download the P Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
which was the object of the attempt or conspiracy.	
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.	<u>Donations</u> c
	GET INVOLVEI
	LII Annour
	<u>Lli Suprem</u>
	MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
	FIND A LAWYE
	All lawyers
	0.0011300130010000000000000000000000000
	LAW ABOUT
e ·	ConspiracyInchoate offeWithdrawal

	Coard
	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 73 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC Chapter 73 - OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE	SEARCH US COD
18 USC Chapter /3 - OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
	Wex. Cilimital L
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view.	Title 18 USC, RS
US Code Notes Updates	Table of Popula
os code Notes Opuaces	Parallel Table o
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	8+1 (
• STEOT Assault on process conver	
 §1501. Assault on process server §1502. Resistance to extradition agent 	
• §1503. Influencing or injuring officer or juror generally	
• § 1504. Influencing juror by writing	<u>Donations</u> c
• § 1505. Obstruction of proceedings before departments, agencies, and committees	A record of the second
• § 1506. Theft or alteration of record or process: false bail	
§ 1507. Picketing or parading	CETINVOLVEI
	I II Annour
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting 	LII Annour
 §1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries 	LII Annour LII Suprem
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting 	LII Suprem
 §1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting §1509. Obstruction of court orders 	
 §1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting §1509. Obstruction of court orders §1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A
 §1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting §1509. Obstruction of court orders §1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations §1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement 	LII Suprem MAKE A Di CONTRIBL
 §1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting §1509. Obstruction of court orders §1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations §1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement §1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant §1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant §1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A
 §1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting §1509. Obstruction of court orders §1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations §1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement §1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant §1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant §1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness §1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A GIVE FEED
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A GIVE FEED
 §1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting §1509. Obstruction of court orders §1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations §1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement §1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant §1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant §1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness §1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision §1516. Obstruction of Federal audit §1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution §1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses 	LII Suprem MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514a. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy § 1520. Destruction of corporate audit records 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy § 1520. Destruction of corporate audit records § 1521. Retaliating against a Federal judge or Federal law enforcement officer by 	LII Suprem MAKE A DE CONTRIBLE BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy § 1520. Destruction of corporate audit records 	MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy § 1520. Destruction of corporate audit records § 1521. Retaliating against a Federal judge or Federal law enforcement officer by 	MAKE A DICONTRIBUTED SECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy § 1520. Destruction of corporate audit records § 1521. Retaliating against a Federal judge or Federal law enforcement officer by false claim or slander of title 	HI Suprem MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT Obstruction Witness tam;
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of criminal investigations § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstruction gexamination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy § 1520. Destruction of corporate audit records § 1521. Retaliating against a Federal judge or Federal law enforcement officer by false claim or slander of title 	MAKE A DICONTRIBUTED SECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT
 § 1508. Recording, listening to, or observing proceedings of grand or petit juries while deliberating or voting § 1509. Obstruction of court orders § 1510. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1511. Obstruction of State or local law enforcement § 1512. Tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant § 1513. Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant § 1514. Civil action to restrain harassment of a victim or witness § 1514A. Civil action to protect against retaliation in fraud cases § 1515. Definitions for certain provisions; general provision § 1516. Obstruction of Federal audit § 1517. Obstructing examination of financial institution § 1518. Obstruction of criminal investigations of health care offenses § 1519. Destruction, alteration, or falsification of records in Federal investigations and bankruptcy § 1520. Destruction of corporate audit records § 1521. Retaliating against a Federal judge or Federal law enforcement officer by false claim or slander of title 	HI Suprem MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT Obstruction Witness tam;

•	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 73 > § 1505 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1505 - Obstruction of proceedings before	SEARCH US COD
departments, agencies, and committees	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Table of Popula Parallel Table o
Whoever, with intent to avoid, evade, prevent, or obstruct compliance, in whole or in part, with any civil investigative demand duly and properly made under the Antitrust Civil Process Act, willfully withholds, misrepresents, removes from any place, conceals, covers up, destroys, mutilates, alters, or by other means falsifies any documentary material, answers to written interrogatories, or oral testimony, which is the subject of such demand; or attempts to do so or solicits another to do so; or	Donations C
Whoever corruptly, or by threats or force, or by any threatening letter or communication influences, obstructs, or impedes or endeavors to influence, obstruct, or impede the due and proper administration of the law under which any pending proceeding is being had before any department or agency of the United States, or the due and proper exercise of the power of inquiry under which any inquiry or investigation is being had by either House, or any committee of either House or any joint committee of the Congress—	GET INVOLVEI LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DI CONTRIBL
Shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years or, if the offense involves international or domestic terrorism (as defined in section 2331), imprisoned not more than 8 years, or both.	BECOME A GIVE FEED
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.	FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
	LAW ABOUT Obstruction Contempt of Probate

	Searcl
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLO	PEDIA / HELP OUT Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chanter 73 > § 1509 >	PREV NEXT U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1509 - Obstruction of court order	SEARCH US COD
US Code Notes Updates	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
Current through Pub. L. <u>113–36</u> . (See <u>Public Laws for the cur</u>	Title 18 USC, RS
Whoever, by threats or force, willfully prevents, obstructs, im	Parallel Table of
willfully attempts to prevent, obstruct, impede, or interfere w rights or the performance of duties under any order, judgmen the United States, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned	oith, the due exercise of 8+1 (
both. No injunctive or other civil relief against the conduct made cr be denied on the ground that such conduct is a crime.	Donations C
,	GET INVOLVEI
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external into or references LII.	ternet site that contains links LII Annour LII Suprem
	MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A
	GIVE FEED
1	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
	FIND A LAWYE
	All lawyers
	LAW ABOUT
	ObstructionSearch
	• <u>Contempt</u>

	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follo
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 73 > § 1510 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1510 - Obstruction of criminal investigations	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula
	Parallel Table o
(a) Whoever willfully endeavors by means of bribery to obstruct, delay, or prevent the communication of information relating to a violation of any criminal statute of the United States by any person to a criminal investigator shall be fined under this title, or	हमा (
imprisoned not more than five years, or both.	CANADA A CACACA D. ROMANDOR
(b)	Donations c
(1) Whoever, being an officer of a financial institution, with the intent to obstruct a	
judicial proceeding, directly or indirectly notifies any other person about the existence or contents of a subpoena for records of that financial institution, or information that has been furnished in response to that subpoena, shall be fined under this title or	GET INVOLVEI
imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.	LII Annour
(2) Whoever, being an officer of a financial institution, directly or indirectly notifies—	LII Suprem
(A) a customer of that financial institution whose records are sought by a subpoena for records; or	MAKE A D
(B) any other person named in that subpoena;	BECOME A GIVE FEED
about the existence or contents of that subpoena or information that has been furnished in response to that subpoena, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.	
(3) As used in this subsection—	27575 78% 4 F A 8' 6 78' 7'3'''
(A) the term "an officer of a financial institution" means an officer, director, partner,	FIND A LAWYE
employee, agent, or attorney of or for a financial institution; and	All lawyers
(B) the term "subpoena for records" means a Federal grand jury subpoena or a Department of Justice subpoena (issued under section 3486 of title 18), for customer	
records that has been served relating to a violation of, or a conspiracy to violate—	LAW ABOUT
(i) section <u>215</u> , <u>656</u> , <u>657</u> , <u>1005</u> , <u>1006</u> , <u>1007</u> , <u>1014</u> , <u>1344</u> , <u>1956</u> , <u>1957</u> , orchapter <u>53</u> of title <u>31</u> ; or	Criminal law
(ii) section 1341 or 1343 affecting a financial institution.	• South Africar
(, -1-55.5	• <u>Tax evasion</u>

- (c) As used in this section, the term "criminal investigator" means any individual duly authorized by a department, agency, or armed force of the United States to conduct or engage in investigations of or prosecutions for violations of the criminal laws of the United States.
- Fifth Amend
- White-collar

(d)

- (1) Whoever-
 - (A) acting as, or being, an officer, director, agent or employee of a person engaged in the business of insurance whose activities affect interstate commerce, or
 - (B) is engaged in the business of insurance whose activities affect interstate commerce or is involved (other than as an insured or beneficiary under a policy of insurance) in a transaction relating to the conduct of affairs of such a business,

with intent to obstruct a judicial proceeding, directly or indirectly notifies any other person about the existence or contents of a subpoena for records of that person engaged in such business or information that has been furnished to a Federal grand jury in response to that subpoena, shall be fined as provided by this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.

- (2) As used in paragraph (1), the term "subpoena for records" means a Federal grand jury subpoena for records that has been served relating to a violation of, or a conspiracy to violate, section 1033 of this title.
- (e) Whoever, having been notified of the applicable disclosure prohibitions or confidentiality requirements of section 2709 (c)(1) of this title, section 626(d)(1) or 627(c)(1) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681u (d)(1) or 1681v (c)(1)), section 1114(a)(3)(A) or 1114(a)(5)(D)(i) of the Right to Financial Privacy Act [1] (12 U.S.C. 3414 (a)(3)(A) or 3414 (a)(5)(D)(i)), or section 802(b)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 436 (b)(1)), [2] knowingly and with the intent to obstruct an investigation or judicial proceeding violates such prohibitions or requirements applicable by law to such person shall be imprisoned for not more than five years, fined under this title, or both.
- [1] So in original. Probably should be followed by "of 1978".
- [2] See References in Text note below.

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.

ABOUT LII

CONTACT US

ADVERTISE HERE

HELP

TERMS OF USE

	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follo
	1
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 73 > § 1513 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
ACTION Same Detaileting against a pitrogg victim on an	SEARCH US COD
18 USC § 1513 - Retaliating against a witness, victim, or an	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
informant	
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P Title 18 USC, RS
US Code Notes Updates	Table of Popula
Current through Pub. L. <u>113–36</u> . (See <u>Public Laws for the current Congress</u> .)	Parallel Table o
Current through rub. E. 115 Jo. (See Tubile Laws for the Conference Congression)	8+)· (
(a)	9.1 T
(1) Whoever kills or attempts to kill another person with intent to retaliate against any person for—	F
(A) the attendance of a witness or party at an official proceeding, or any testimony	Donations c
given or any record, document, or other object produced by a witness in an official	
proceeding; or	GET INVOLVEI
(B) providing to a law enforcement officer any information relating to the	
commission or possible commission of a Federal offense or a violation of conditions of probation, supervised release, parole, or release pending judicial proceedings,	Lll Annour
	<u>LII Suprem</u>
shall be punished as provided in paragraph (2).	MAKE A D
(2) The punishment for an offense under this subsection is—	CONTRIBL BECOME A
(A) in the case of a killing, the punishment provided in sections 1111 and 1112 ; and	GIVE FEED
(B) in the case of an attempt, imprisonment for not more than 30 years.	
(b) Whoever knowingly engages in any conduct and thereby causes bodily injury to another person or damages the tangible property of another person, or threatens to do	
so, with intent to retaliate against any person for—	FIND A LAWYE
(1) the attendance of a witness or party at an official proceeding, or any testimony given or any record, document, or other object produced by a witness in an official proceeding; or	<u>All lawyers</u>
(2) any information relating to the commission or possible commission of a Federal	
offense or a violation of conditions of probation, supervised release, parole, or release pending judicial proceedings given by a person to a law enforcement officer;	LAW ABOUT
or attempts to do so, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 20 years,	• Obstruction
or both.	Former testirMisdemeano
(c) If the retaliation occurred because of attendance at or testimony in a criminal case,	• impdemeand

the maximum term of imprisonment which may be imposed for the offense under this section shall be the higher of that otherwise provided by law or the maximum term that could have been imposed for any offense charged in such case.

- South Africar
- treason
- (d) There is extraterritorial Federal jurisdiction over an offense under this section.
- (e) Whoever knowingly, with the intent to retaliate, takes any action harmful to any person, including interference with the lawful employment or livelihood of any person, for providing to a law enforcement officer any truthful information relating to the commission or possible commission of any Federal offense, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.
- (f) Whoever conspires to commit any offense under this section shall be subject to the same penalties as those prescribed for the offense the commission of which was the object of the conspiracy.
- (g) A prosecution under this section may be brought in the district in which the official proceeding (whether pending, about to be instituted, or completed) was intended to be affected, or in which the conduct constituting the alleged offense occurred.

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.

ABOUT LII CONTACT US ADVERTISE HERE HELP TERMS OF USE

11/30/2013 8:51 PM

	0 2 4		Searcl
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAW			Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > C	Chapter 96 >	PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC Chapter 96 - RACK		AND	SEARCH US COD Wex: Criminal L
There is 1 Update Pending. Select US Code Notes Updates	ct the tab below to view.		Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See	Public Laws for the current Congr	cess.)	8+1
 § 1961. Definitions § 1962. Prohibited activities § 1963. Criminal penalties § 1964. Civil remedies § 1965. Venue and process § 1966. Expedition of actions § 1967. Evidence § 1968. Civil investigative demand LII has no control over and does not entro or references LII.	dorse any external Internet site t	hat contains links	Donations C GET INVOLVEI LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT RICO Equal Employ Commission RICO quotati

USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1961 > PREV NEXT U.S. CODE 18 LISC S 1061 - Definitions There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. US Code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L 113-35. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extertion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, (8) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code; Section 201 (relating to controlled substances Act), which is chargeable under state law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, (8) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code; Section 201 (relating to contrefeiting), section 659 (relating to the from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 559 is felonious, section 664 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1028 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1341 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to orticenship papers), sections 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the procurement), section 1512 (relating to total papers), section 1513 (relating to obstruction of fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 140 (relating to the procurement), section 1513 (relating to reclain 1513 (relating to reclain 1513 (relating to mail minuses) of passport), section 1546 (relating to foreign	•	pull p p manual man
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1961 > PREV NEXT	•	Carol
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1961 > PREV NEXT U.S. CODE 18 LISC \$ 1061 - Definitions Wex: Criminal L There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. US Code Notes Updates Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (8) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to bribery), section 599 is felonious, section 564 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1644 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1343 (relating to to in 1343 (relating to with reaud), section 1341 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to the procurement of citizenship papers), section 1346 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the obstruction of riminal investigations), section 1343 (relating to the obstruction of of riminal investigations), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to relating to relating to relating to obstruction of or riminal investigations), section 1546 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1542 (relating to frase use of passport), section 1542 (relating to frase use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to interference with comm		Searci
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1961 > PREV NEXT U.S. CODE 18 LISC \$ 1061 - Definitions Wex: Criminal L There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. US Code Notes Updates Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (8) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to bribery), section 599 is felonious, section 564 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1644 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1343 (relating to to in 1343 (relating to with reaud), section 1341 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to the procurement of citizenship papers), section 1346 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the obstruction of riminal investigations), section 1343 (relating to the obstruction of of riminal investigations), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to relating to relating to relating to obstruction of or riminal investigations), section 1546 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1542 (relating to frase use of passport), section 1542 (relating to frase use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to interference with comm		
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. US Code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18. United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), sections 224 (relating to system); sections 24.1, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1984 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mall fraud), section 1331 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1029 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1504 (relating to mall fraud), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1504 (relating to the reproduction of citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to the reproduction of citizenship papers), section 1504 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstr	ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. US Code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18. United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), sections 224 (relating to system); sections 24.1, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1984 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mall fraud), section 1331 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1029 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1504 (relating to mall fraud), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1504 (relating to the reproduction of citizenship papers), sections 1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to the reproduction of citizenship papers), section 1504 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstr		
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. US Code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code; Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 472 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 654 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 471, 472, and 472 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to the transmission of gambling informations), section 1344 (relating to mail fraud, section 1343 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1344 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (CONTRIB SECOME A GIVE FEED to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the reproduction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of 1512 (relating to false statement in application and use of	TISC > Title 18 > Part (> Chapter 96 > § 1961 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. Download the P Title 18 USC. B: Table of Popula Parallel Table. or Popula Parallel Table.		
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. Download the P Title 18 USC. B: Table of Popula Parallel Table. or Popula Parallel Table.	a and the second	SEARCH US COD
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view. 1	18 USC 8 1061 - Definitions	
Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 421, 472, and 473 (relating to to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to fraud), section 1331 (relating to wire fraud), section 1341 (relating to mail foreign labor contracting), section 1084 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of state or local law enforc		Wex: <u>Criminal</u> L
Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 421, 472, and 473 (relating to to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to fraud), section 1331 (relating to wire fraud), section 1341 (relating to mail foreign labor contracting), section 1084 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the reproduction of state or local law enforc		
Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18. United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1426 (relating to the procurement of citizenship papers), section 1461–1465 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retallating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to retallating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to retallating ag	There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view.	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship papers), section 1461–1465 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalizat	· ·	Title 18 USC, R5
Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code; Section 201, (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 654 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1642 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1028 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the procurement of citizenship papers), section 1465 (relating to to bestruction of fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the action 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1534 (relating to retallating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retallating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to fraud an	US Code Notes Updates	
As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201, (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1513 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1513 (relating to retaliating to adminish a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail investigations), section		
As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code; Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to minterstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1425 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to the obstruction of state or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Commission of the Commission o
As used in this chapter— (1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 559 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1342 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1515 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1542 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (r	Carron and a second	Σ41: ·
(1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnapping, gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1513 (relating to relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons), [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		G-1-
gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1343 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1427 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the reproduction of criminal investigations), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1513 (relating to refallating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to refallating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to frase use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating	As used in this chapter—	
gambling, arson, robbery, bribery, extortion, dealing in obscene matter, or dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201, (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1331 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1425 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene final investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section	(1) "racketeering activity" means (A) any act or threat involving murder, kidnanning	
controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), section 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1343 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to bestruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons). [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		t ETTETT
Substances Act), which is chargeable under State law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891-894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1425 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1461-1465 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1461-1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1544 (relating to false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to false use of passport), section 1546 (relating to misuse of passport		Donations c
more than one year; (B) any act which is indictable under any of the following provisions of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (contribute for faud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1513 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail informant), section 1542 (relating to false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail informant), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons). [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
of title 18, United States Code: Section 201 (relating to bribery), section 224 (relating to sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the procurement of citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1426 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to refaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail section 1544 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail section 1544 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail section 1545 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1		
sports bribery), sections 471, 472, and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659 (relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obscene matter), section 1513 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retallating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1542 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1551 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		GET INVOLVEI
felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (contribute (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1425 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of state or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or LAW ABOUT **Cambling** **Cambling** **Cambling** **Cambling** **Cambling** **Cambling** **Cambling** **RICO quotati		رية المعاون معاد ما القوال المستخدمة و محتون المستخ ر المداري المحرور الموارد والمرافقة
felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1084 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons), [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	sports bribery), sections 471 , 472 , and 473 (relating to counterfeiting), section 659	III Annour
felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds), sections 891–894 (relating to extortionate credit transactions), section 1028 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail section 1540 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	(relating to theft from interstate shipment) if the act indictable under section 659 is	<u>Eli Miliodi</u>
fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [11] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	felonious, section 664 (relating to embezzlement from pension and welfare funds),	LII Suprem
fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents), section 1029 (relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1546 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
(relating to fraud and related activity in connection with access devices), section 1084 (relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to refaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to mail GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers All lawyers All lawyers LAW ABOUT Cambling GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers	MICROPHICAL PROPERTY OF THE PR	
(relating to the transmission of gambling information), section 1341 (relating to mail fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	100 A	
fraud), section 1343 (relating to wire fraud), section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
fraud), section 1351 (relating to fraud in foreign labor contracting), section 1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		<u>GIVE LEED</u>
to the procurement of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of Criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461–1465 (relating to obscene matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), section 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section 1427 (relating to the	
matter), section 1503 (relating to obstruction of justice), section 1510 (relating to obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), sections 1461-1465 (relating to obscene	FIND A LAWYE
obstruction of criminal investigations), section 1511 (relating to the obstruction of State or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
or local law enforcement), section 1512 (relating to tampering with a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	70 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	All lawyers
an informant), section 1513 (relating to retaliating against a witness, victim, or an informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7	
informant), section 1542 (relating to false statement in application and use of passport), section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		1
section 1543 (relating to forgery or false use of passport), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		
misuse of passport), section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of visas, permits, and other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		LAWAROUT
other documents), sections 1581–1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	The state of the s	TWILL TIPLY C 7 *** 7
persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or		• Cambling
persons)., [1] section 1951 (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	other documents), sections 1581-1592 (relating to peonage, slavery, and trafficking in	
	persons)., $[1]$ section $\underline{1951}$ (relating to interference with commerce, robbery, or	
	extortion), section 1952 (relating to racketeering), section 1953 (relating to interstate	 comity of nat

transportation of wagering paraphernalia), section 1954 (relating to unlawful welfare fund payments), section 1955 (relating to the prohibition of illegal gambling businesses), section 1956 (relating to the laundering of monetary instruments), section 1957 (relating to engaging in monetary transactions in property derived from specified unlawful activity), section 1958 (relating to use of interstate commerce facilities in the commission of murder-for-hire), section 1960 (relating to illegal money transmitters), sections 2251, 2251A, 2252, and 2260 (relating to sexual exploitation of children), sections 2312 and 2313 (relating to interstate transportation of stolen motor vehicles), sections 2314 and 2315 (relating to interstate transportation of stolen property), section 2318 (relating to trafficking in counterfeit labels for phonorecords, computer programs or computer program documentation or packaging and copies of motion pictures or other audiovisual works), section 2319 (relating to criminal infringement of a copyright), section 2319A (relating to unauthorized fixation of and trafficking in sound recordings and music videos of live musical performances), section 2320 (relating to trafficking in goods or services bearing counterfeit marks), section 2321 (relating to trafficking in certain motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts), sections 2341-2346 (relating to trafficking in contraband cigarettes), sections 2421-24 (relating to white slave traffic), sections 175-178 (relating to biological weapons), sections 229-229F (relating to chemical weapons), section 831 (relating to nuclear materials), (C) any act which is indictable under title 29, United States Code, section 186 (dealing with restrictions on payments and loans to labor organizations) or section 501 (c) (relating to embezzlement from union funds), (D) any offense involving fraud connected with a case under title 11 (except a case under section 157 of this title), fraud in the sale of securities, or the felonious manufacture, importation, receiving, concealment, buying, selling, or otherwise dealing in a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), punishable under any law of the United States, (E) any act which is indictable under the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act, (F) any act which is indictable under the Immigration and Nationality Act, section 274 (relating to bringing in and harboring certain aliens), section 277 (relating to aiding or assisting certain aliens to enter the United States), or section 278 (relating to importation of alien for immoral purpose) if the act indictable under such section of such Act was committed for the purpose of financial gain, or (G) any act that is indictable under any provision listed in section 2332b (g)(5)(B);

- White-collar
 - Blue sky law

- (2) "State" means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, any political subdivision, or any department, agency, or instrumentality thereof;
- (3) "person" includes any individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property;
- (4) "enterprise" includes any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity;
- (5) "pattern of racketeering activity" requires at least two acts of racketeering activity, one of which occurred after the effective date of this chapter and the last of which occurred within ten years (excluding any period of imprisonment) after the commission of a prior act of racketeering activity;
- (6) "unlawful debt" means a debt
 - (A) incurred or contracted in gambling activity which was in violation of the law of the

United States, a State or political subdivision thereof, or which is unenforceable under State or Federal law in whole or in part as to principal or interest because of the laws relating to usury, and

- (B) which was incurred in connection with the business of gambling in violation of the law of the United States, a State or political subdivision thereof, or the business of lending money or a thing of value at a rate usurious under State or Federal law, where the usurious rate is at least twice the enforceable rate;
- (7) "racketeering investigator" means any attorney or investigator so designated by the Attorney General and charged with the duty of enforcing or carrying into effect this chapter;
- (8) "racketeering investigation" means any inquiry conducted by any racketeering investigator for the purpose of ascertaining whether any person has been involved in any violation of this chapter or of any final order, judgment, or decree of any court of the United States, duly entered in any case or proceeding arising under this chapter;
- (9) "documentary material" includes any book, paper, document, record, recording, or other material; and
- (10) "Attorney General" includes the Attorney General of the United States, the Deputy Attorney General of the United States, the Associate Attorney General of the United States, any Assistant Attorney General of the United States, or any employee of the Department of Justice or any employee of the United States so designated by the Attorney General to carry out the powers conferred on the Attorney General by this chapter. Any department or agency so designated may use in investigations authorized by this chapter either the investigative provisions of this chapter or the investigative power of such department or agency otherwise conferred by law.

	So	in	or	q	na	
,			• • •	Э.		

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.

AROUT LIL CONTACT US ADVERTISE HERE HELP TERMS OF USE

8	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part (> Chapter 96 > § 1962 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE'
	SEARCH US COD
18 USC § 1962 - Prohibited activities	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
	Title 18 USC, RS
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Table of Popula Parallel Table of
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person who has received any income derived, directly or indirectly, from a pattern of racketeering activity or through collection of an unlawful	8+1 :
debt in which such person has participated as a principal within the meaning of section 2,	
title 18, United States Code, to use or invest, directly or indirectly, any part of such	commence of the same same
income, or the proceeds of such income, in acquisition of any interest in, or the	
establishment or operation of, any enterprise which is engaged in, or the activities of	<u>Donations</u> o
which affect, interstate or foreign commerce. A purchase of securities on the open	o commence (0.00000)
market for purposes of investment, and without the intention of controlling or	
participating in the control of the issuer, or of assisting another to do so, shall not be	GET INVOLVEI
unlawful under this subsection if the securities of the issuer held by the purchaser, the	LII Annour
members of his immediate family, and his or their accomplices in any pattern or	
racketeering activity or the collection of an unlawful debt after such purchase do not	<u>LII Suprem</u>
amount in the aggregate to one percent of the outstanding securities of any one class,	MAKE A D
and do not confer, either in law or in fact, the power to elect one or more directors of the	CONTRIBL
issuer.	BECOME A
(b) It shall be unlawful for any person through a pattern of racketeering activity or	GIVE FEED
through collection of an unlawful debt to acquire or maintain, directly or indirectly, any interest in or control of any enterprise which is engaged in, or the activities of which affect, interstate or foreign commerce.	
(c) It shall be unlawful for any person employed by or associated with any enterprise engaged in, or the activities of which affect, interstate or foreign commerce, to conduct	FIND A LAWYE
or participate, directly or indirectly, in the conduct of such enterprise's affairs through a pattern of racketeering activity or collection of unlawful debt.	All lawyers
(d) It shall be unlawful for any person to conspire to violate any of the provisions of	
subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this section.	LAW ABOUT
	• RICO
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links	• RICO guotati
to or references LII.	• Securities Ac
	- Secritors VC

ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Search Follos
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1963 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1963 - Criminal penalties	SEARCH US COD
US Code Notes Updates Authorities (CFR)	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u> Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
(a) Whoever-violates any provision of section 1963 of this chapter shall be fined under	
this title or imprisoned not more than 20 years (or for life if the violation is based on a racketeering activity for which the maximum penalty includes life imprisonment), or both, and shall forfeit to the United States, irrespective of any provision of State law—	8+1 :
(1) any interest the person has acquired or maintained in violation of section 1962;	Donations c
(2) any—	
(A) interest in;	
(B) security of;	GET INVOLVEI
(C) claim against; or	LII Annour
(D) property or contractual right of any kind affording a source of influence over;	LII Suprem
any enterprise which the person has established, operated, controlled, conducted, or participated in the conduct of, in violation of section 1962; and	MAKE A DI CONTRIBU
(3) any property constituting, or derived from, any proceeds which the person obtained, directly or indirectly, from racketeering activity or unlawful debt collection in violation of section 1962.	BECOME A
The court, in imposing sentence on such person shall order, in addition to any other sentence imposed pursuant to this section, that the person forfeit to the United States all property described in this subsection. In lieu of a fine otherwise authorized by this section,	FIND A LAWYE
a defendant who derives profits or other proceeds from an offense may be fined not more than twice the gross profits or other proceeds.	All lawyers
(b) Property subject to criminal forfeiture under this section includes—	FIGURALFICATION CAPPER
(1) real property, including things growing on, affixed to, and found in land; and	LAW ABOUT
(2) tangible and intangible personal property, including rights, privileges, interests, claims, and securities.	• Forfeiture
(c) All right, title, and interest in property described in subsection (a) vests in the United States upon the commission of the act giving rise to forfeiture under this section. Any	Criminal proHabeas corp

such property that is subsequently transferred to a person other than the defendant may be the subject of a special verdict of forfeiture and thereafter shall be ordered forfeited to the United States, unless the transferee establishes in a hearing pursuant to subsection (I) that he is a bona fide purchaser for value of such property who at the time of purchase was reasonably without cause to believe that the property was subject to forfeiture under this section.

- Incompetence
- Adoption

(d)

- (1) Upon application of the United States, the court may enter a restraining order or injunction, require the execution of a satisfactory performance bond, or take any other action to preserve the availability of property described in subsection (a) for forfeiture under this section—
 - (A) upon the filing of an indictment or information charging a violation of section 1962 of this chapter and alleging that the property with respect to which the order is sought would, in the event of conviction, be subject to forfeiture under this section; or
 - (B) prior to the filing of such an indictment or information, if, after notice to persons appearing to have an interest in the property and opportunity for a hearing, the court determines that—
 - (i) there is a substantial probability that the United States will prevail on the issue of forfeiture and that failure to enter the order will result in the property being destroyed, removed from the jurisdiction of the court, or otherwise made unavailable for forfeiture; and
 - (ii) the need to preserve the availability of the property through the entry of the requested order outweighs the hardship on any party against whom the order is to be entered:

Provided, however, That an order entered pursuant to subparagraph (B) shall be effective for not more than ninety days, unless extended by the court for good cause shown or unless an indictment or information described in subparagraph (A) has been filed.

- (2) A temporary restraining order under this subsection may be entered upon application of the United States without notice or opportunity for a hearing when an information or indictment has not yet been filed with respect to the property, if the United States demonstrates that there is probable cause to believe that the property with respect to which the order is sought would, in the event of conviction, be subject to forfeiture under this section and that provision of notice will jeopardize the availability of the property for forfeiture. Such a temporary order shall expire not more than fourteen days after the date on which it is entered, unless extended for good cause shown or unless the party against whom it is entered consents to an extension for a longer period. A hearing requested concerning an order entered under this paragraph shall be held at the earliest possible time, and prior to the expiration of the temporary order.
- (3) The court may receive and consider, at a hearing held pursuant to this subsection, evidence and information that would be inadmissible under the Federal Rules of Evidence.

- (e) Upon conviction of a person under this section, the court shall enter a judgment of forfeiture of the property to the United States and shall also authorize the Attorney General to seize all property ordered forfeited upon such terms and conditions as the court shall deem proper. Following the entry of an order declaring the property forfeited, the court may, upon application of the United States, enter such appropriate restraining orders or injunctions, require the execution of satisfactory performance bonds, appoint receivers, conservators, appraisers, accountants, or trustees, or take any other action to protect the interest of the United States in the property ordered forfeited. Any income accruing to, or derived from, an enterprise or an interest in an enterprise which has been ordered forfeited under this section may be used to offset ordinary and necessary expenses to the enterprise which are required by law, or which are necessary to protect the interests of the United States or third parties.
- (f) Following the seizure of property ordered forfeited under this section, the Attorney. General shall direct the disposition of the property by sale or any other commercially feasible means, making due provision for the rights of any innocent persons. Any property right or interest not exercisable by, or transferable for value to, the United States shall expire and shall not revert to the defendant, nor shall the defendant or any person acting in concert with or on behalf of the defendant be eligible to purchase forfeited property at any sale held by the United States. Upon application of a person, other than the defendant or a person acting in concert with or on behalf of the defendant, the court may restrain or stay the sale or disposition of the property pending the conclusion of any appeal of the criminal case giving rise to the forfeiture, if the applicant demonstrates that proceeding with the sale or disposition of the property will result in irreparable injury, harm or loss to him. Notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302 (b), the proceeds of any sale or other disposition of property forfeited under this section and any moneys forfeited shall be used to pay all proper expenses for the forfeiture and the sale, including expenses of seizure, maintenance and custody of the property pending its disposition, advertising and court costs. The Attorney General shall deposit in the Treasury any amounts of such proceeds or moneys remaining after the payment of such expenses.
- (g) With respect to property ordered forfeited under this section, the Attorney General is authorized to—
 - (1) grant petitions for mitigation or remission of forfeiture, restore forfeited property to victims of a violation of this chapter, or take any other action to protect the rights of innocent persons which is in the interest of justice and which is not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter;
 - (2) compromise claims arising under this section;
 - (3) award compensation to persons providing information resulting in a forfeiture under this section;
 - (4) direct the disposition by the United States of all property ordered forfeited under this section by public sale or any other commercially feasible means, making due provision for the rights of innocent persons; and
 - (5) take appropriate measures necessary to safeguard and maintain property ordered forfeited under this section pending its disposition.
- (h) The Attorney General may promulgate regulations with respect to—

- (1) making reasonable efforts to provide notice to persons who may have an interest in property ordered forfeited under this section;
- (2) granting petitions for remission or mitigation of forfeiture;
- (3) the restitution of property to victims of an offense petitioning for remission or mitigation of forfeiture under this chapter;
- (4) the disposition by the United States of forfeited property by public sale or other commercially feasible means;
- (5) the maintenance and safekeeping of any property forfeited under this section pending its disposition; and
- (6) the compromise of claims arising under this chapter.

Pending the promulgation of such regulations, all provisions of law relating to the disposition of property, or the proceeds from the sale thereof, or the remission or mitigation of forfeitures for violation of the customs laws, and the compromise of claims and the award of compensation to informers in respect of such forfeitures shall apply to forfeitures incurred, or alleged to have been incurred, under the provisions of this section, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions hereof. Such duties as are imposed upon the Customs Service or any person with respect to the disposition of property under the customs law shall be performed under this chapter by the Attorney General.

- (i) Except as provided in subsection (l), no party claiming an interest in property subject to forfeiture under this section may—
 - (1) intervene in a trial or appeal of a criminal case involving the forfeiture of such property under this section; or
 - (2) commence an action at law or equity against the United States concerning the validity of his alleged interest in the property subsequent to the filing of an indictment or information alleging that the property is subject to forfeiture under this section.
- (j) The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction to enter orders as provided in this section without regard to the location of any property which may be subject to forfeiture under this section or which has been ordered forfeited under this section.
- (k) In order to facilitate the identification or location of property declared forfeited and to facilitate the disposition of petitions for remission or mitigation of forfeiture, after the entry of an order declaring property forfeited to the United States the court may, upon application of the United States, order that the testimony of any witness relating to the property forfeited be taken by deposition and that any designated book, paper, document, record, recording, or other material not privileged be produced at the same time and place, in the same manner as provided for the taking of depositions under Rule 15 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

(I)

(1) Following the entry of an order of forfeiture under this section, the United States shall publish notice of the order and of its intent to dispose of the property in such manner as the Attorney General may direct. The Government may also, to the extent

practicable, provide direct written notice to any person known to have alleged an interest in the property that is the subject of the order of forfeiture as a substitute for published notice as to those persons so notified.

- (2) Any person, other than the defendant, asserting a legal interest in property which has been ordered forfeited to the United States pursuant to this section may, within thirty days of the final publication of notice or his receipt of notice under paragraph (1), whichever is earlier, petition the court for a hearing to adjudicate the validity of his alleged interest in the property. The hearing shall be held before the court alone, without a jury.
- (3) The petition shall be signed by the petitioner under penalty of perjury and shall set forth the nature and extent of the petitioner's right, title, or interest in the property, the time and circumstances of the petitioner's acquisition of the right, title, or interest in the property, any additional facts supporting the petitioner's claim, and the relief sought.
- (4) The hearing on the petition shall, to the extent practicable and consistent with the interests of justice, be held within thirty days of the filing of the petition. The court may consolidate the hearing on the petition with a hearing on any other petition filed by a person other than the defendant under this subsection.
- (5) At the hearing, the petitioner may testify and present evidence and witnesses on his own behalf, and cross-examine witnesses who appear at the hearing. The United States may present evidence and witnesses in rebuttal and in defense of its claim to the property and cross-examine witnesses who appear at the hearing. In addition to testimony and evidence presented at the hearing, the court shall consider the relevant portions of the record of the criminal case which resulted in the order of forfeiture.
- (6) If, after the hearing, the court determines that the petitioner has established by a preponderance of the evidence that—
- (A) the petitioner has a legal right, title, or interest in the property, and such right, title, or interest renders the order of forfeiture invalid in whole or in part because the right, title, or interest was vested in the petitioner rather than the defendant or was superior to any right, title, or interest of the defendant at the time of the commission of the acts which gave rise to the forfeiture of the property under this section; or
- (B) the petitioner is a bona fide purchaser for value of the right, title, or interest in the property and was at the time of purchase reasonably without cause to believe that the property was subject to forfeiture under this section;

the court shall amend the order of forfeiture in accordance with its determination.

- (7) Following the court's disposition of all petitions filed under this subsection, or if no such petitions are filed following the expiration of the period provided in paragraph (2) for the filing of such petitions, the United States shall have clear title to property that is the subject of the order of forfeiture and may warrant good title to any subsequent purchaser or transferee.
- (m) If any of the property described in subsection (a), as a result of any act or omission of the defendant—

- (1) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- (2) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
- (3) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- (4) has been substantially diminished in value; or
- (5) has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty;

the court shall order the forfeiture of any other property of the defendant up to the value of any property described in paragraphs (1) through (5).

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that contains links to or references LII.

ABOUT LII CONTACT US ADVERTISE HERE HELP TERMS OF USE

4>

	Search
	and the second second second second
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP C	OUT Follo
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1964 >	PREV NEXT U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1964 - Civil remedies	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
	Title 18 USC, RS
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	
	Parallel Table of
(a) The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction to prevent a violations of section 1962 of this chapter by issuing appropriate orders, included	and restrain uding, but
not limited to: ordering any person to divest himself of any interest, direct o any enterprise; imposing reasonable restrictions on the future activities or in of any person, including, but not limited to, prohibiting any person from eng	vestments
	1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T
same type of endeavor as the enterprise engaged in, the activities of which a interstate or foreign commerce; or ordering dissolution or reorganization of enterprise, making due provision for the rights of innocent persons.	
(b) The Attorney General may institute proceedings under this section. Pendi	ng final
determination thereof, the court may at any time enter such restraining order	1000
prohibitions, or take such other actions, including the acceptance of satisfac	tory
performance bonds, as it shall deem proper.	<u>LII Suprem</u>
(c) Any person injured in his business or property by reason of a violation of	section MAKE A D
1962 of this chapter may sue therefor in any appropriate United States distri	ct court and <u>CONTRIBL</u>
shall recover threefold the damages he sustains and the cost of the suit, incl	uding a <u>BECOME A</u>
reasonable attorney's fee, except that no person may rely upon any conduct	- GIVE FEED
have been actionable as fraud in the purchase or sale of securities to establish	
of section 1962. The exception contained in the preceding sentence does not	
action against any person that is criminally convicted in connection with the	
which case the statute of limitations shall start to run on the date on which t conviction becomes final.	
(d) A final judgment or decree rendered in favor of the United States in any o	
proceeding brought by the United States under this chapter shall estop the d from denying the essential allegations of the criminal offense in any subsequ	
proceeding brought by the United States.	
	LAW ABOUT
•	Fifth Amenda
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that o	contains links Habeas corp
to or references LII.	
·	• <u>Criminal pro</u>

	11.6
	Searcl
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1965 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1965 - Venue and process	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: Criminal L
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table o
(a) Any civil action or proceeding under this chapter against any person may be instituted.	
in the district court of the United States for any district in which such person resides, is found, has an agent, or transacts his affairs.	841 (
(b) In any action under section 1964 of this chapter in any district court of the United	
States in which it is shown that the ends of justice require that other parties residing in	Donations c
any other district be brought before the court, the court may cause such parties to be summoned, and process for that purpose may be served in any judicial district of the	
United States by the marshal thereof.	GET INVOLVEI
(c) In any civil or criminal action or proceeding instituted by the United States under this chapter in the district court of the United States for any judicial district, subpenas issued	LII Annour
by such court to compel the attendance of witnesses may be served in any other judicial district, except that in any civil action or proceeding no such subpena shall be issued for	<u>LII Suprem</u>
service upon any individual who resides in another district at a place more than one	MAKE A D' CONTRIBL
hundred miles from the place at which such court is held without approval given by a judge of such court upon a showing of good cause.	BECOME A
	GIVE FEED
(d) All other process in any action or proceeding under this chapter may be served on any person in any judicial district in which such person resides, is found, has an agent, or transacts his affairs.	
transacts in arrains.	
	FIND A LAWYE
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.	All lawyers
	LAW ABOUT
	• In personam
	• Alien
	Bankruptcy c

			Search
e v z	9 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND	A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA	HELP OUT	Follo
USC → Title 18 → Par	t I > Chapter 96 > § 1966 >	PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1966 - Expedit	ion of actions		SEARCH US COE
US Code Notes Updates	i i		Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
os code Notes Ophates		**************************************	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. <u>113-36</u> .	(See <u>Public Laws for the current Co</u>	ongress.)	<u>Title 18 USC, RS</u> Table of Popula
			Parallel Table o
In any civil action instituted under of the United States, the Attorney certificate stating that in his opinion	General may file with the clerk of s	uch court a	8+1 (
that certificate shall be furnished i absence to the presiding district ju	mmediately by such clerk to the ch	nief judge or in his	
Upon receipt of such copy, such ju	3.77.0	. –	Donations c
to hear and determine action.	<i>y</i>		
	≰ b		GET INVOLVEI
LII has no control over and does no	ot endorse any external Internet si	te that contains links	
to or references LII.			<u>LII Annour</u>
	7		LII Suprem
			MAKE A D
			CONTRIBL
	:: ::		<u>BECOME A</u> GIVE FEED
	66 18		GIVE FEED
	e,		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
			Allika a term to restrance
			FIND A LAWYE
the control of the comment of the control of the co		and the state of t	All lawyers
	# #		
	u.		MI (1000) 11 (10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
			LAW ABOUT
	9		• <u>Removal war</u>
			• <u>Due process</u>
			• magistrate

9 8	
	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follo
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1967 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 1967 - Evidence	SEARCH US COD Wex: Criminal L
UC Code Nation Students	Wex. Criminal L
US Code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See <u>Public Laws for the current Congress.</u>)	Download the P Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
In any proceeding ancillary to or in any civil action instituted by the United States under this chapter the proceedings may be open or closed to the public at the discretion of the court after consideration of the rights of affected persons.	. (84) <u>(</u>
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.	<u>Donations</u> c
	GET INVOLVEI
	LII Annour
	LII Suprem
	MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
	FIND A LAWYE
	All lawyers
ž,	0 90 0 0000 M
All Control of the Co	LAW ABOUT
	Civil rightsCriminal pro
	• <u>Due process</u>

	Sorol
	Sealu
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 96 > § 1968 > PREVNEXT	U.S. CODE'
18 USC § 1968 - Civil investigative demand	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
₩	Title 18 USC, RS
Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See <u>Public Laws for the current Congress</u> .)	Table of Popula Parallel Table o
(a) Whenever the Attorney General has reason to believe that any person or enterprise	ALC: 04, 020
may be in possession, custody, or control of any documentary materials relevant to a racketeering investigation, he may, prior to the institution of a civil or criminal	8+1 (
proceeding thereon, issue in writing, and cause to be served upon such person, a civil	
investigative demand requiring such person to produce such material for examination.	Donations c
(b) Each such demand shall—	<u>Donations</u> C
(1) state the nature of the conduct constituting the alleged racketeering violation	g (sometime so
which is under investigation and the provision of law applicable thereto;	GET INVOLVEI
(2) describe the class or classes of documentary material produced thereunder with such definiteness and certainty as to permit such material to be fairly identified;	LII Annour
(3) state that the demand is returnables forthwith or prescribe a return date which will	LII Suprem
provide a reasonable period of time within which the material so demanded may be assembled and made available for inspection and copying or reproduction; and	MAKE A D CONTRIBL
(4) identify the custodian to whom such material shall be made available.	BECOME A
(4) identify the custodian to whom such material shall be made available.	GIVE FEED
(c) No such demand shall—	
(1) contain any requirement which would be held to be unreasonable if contained in a	0 V V X
subpena duces tecum issued by a court of the United States in aid of a grand jury	
investigation of such alleged racketeering violation; or	FIND A LAWYE
(2) require the production of any documentary evidence which would be privileged from disclosure if demanded by a subpena duces tecum issued by a court of the	All lawyers
United States in aid of a grand jury investigation of such alleged racketeering violation.	
(d) Service of any such demand or any petition filed under this section may be made upon a person by—	LAW ABOUT
(1) delivering a duly executed copy thereof to any partner, executive officer,	• Due process
managing agent, or general agent thereof, or to any agent thereof authorized by	 Removal war
appointment or by law to receive service of process on behalf of such person, or upon	• <u>Habeas corp</u>

any individual person;

- Child suppor
- Mandate
- (2) delivering a duly executed copy thereof to the principal office or place of business of the person to be served; or
- (3) depositing such copy in the United states mail, by registered or certified mail duly addressed to such person at its principal office or place of business.
- (e) A verified return by the individual serving any such demand or petition setting forth the manner of such service shall be prima facie proof of such service. In the case of service by registered or certified mail, such return shall be accompanied by the return post office receipt of delivery of such demand.

(f)

- (1) The Attorney General shall designate a racketeering investigator to serve as racketeer document custodian, and such additional racketeering investigators as he shall determine from time to time to be necessary to serve as deputies to such officer.
- (2) Any person upon whom any demand issued under this section has been duly served shall make such material available for inspection and copying or reproduction to the custodian designated therein at the principal place of business of such person, or at such other place as such custodian and such person thereafter may agree and prescribe in writing or as the court may direct, pursuant to this section on the return date specified in such demand, or on such later date as such custodian may prescribe in writing. Such person may upon written agreement between such person and the custodian substitute for copies of all or any part of such material originals thereof.
- (3) The custodian to whom any documentary material is so delivered shall take physical possession thereof, and shall be responsible for the use made thereof and for the return thereof pursuant to this chapter. The custodian may cause the preparation of such copies of such documentary material as may be required for official use under regulations which shall be promulgated by the Attorney General. While in the possession of the custodian, no material so produced shall be available for examination, without the consent of the person who produced such material, by any individual other than the Attorney General. Under such reasonable terms and conditions as the Attorney General shall prescribe, documentary material while in the possession of the custodian shall be available for examination by the person who produced such material or any duly authorized representatives of such person
- (4) Whenever any attorney has been designated to appear on behalf of the United States before any court or grand jury in any case or proceeding involving any alleged violation of this chapter, the custodian may deliver to such attorney such documentary material in the possession of the custodian as such attorney determines to be required for use in the presentation of such case or proceeding on behalf of the United States. Upon the conclusion of any such case or proceeding, such attorney shall return to the custodian any documentary material so withdrawn which has not passed into the control of such court or grand jury through the introduction thereof into the record of such case or proceeding.
- (5) Upon the completion of—
- (i) the racketeering investigation for which any documentary material was produced under this chapter, and

- (ii) any case or proceeding arising from such investigation, the custodian shall return to the person who produced such material all such material other than copies thereof made by the Attorney General pursuant to this subsection which has not passed into the control of any court or grand jury through the introduction thereof into the record of such case or proceeding.
- (6) When any documentary material has been produced by any person under this section for use in any racketeering investigation, and no such case or proceeding arising therefrom has been instituted within a reasonable time after completion of the examination and analysis of all evidence assembled in the course of such investigation, such person shall be entitled, upon written demand made upon the Attorney General, to the return of all documentary material other than copies thereof made pursuant to this subsection so produced by such person.
- (7) In the event of the death, disability, or separation from service of the custodian of any documentary material produced under any demand issued under this section or the official relief of such custodian from responsibility for the custody and control of such material, the Attorney General shall promptly—
- (i) designate another racketeering investigator to serve as custodian thereof, and
- (ii) transmit notice in writing to the person who produced such material as to the identity and address of the successor so designated.

Any successor so designated shall have with regard to such materials all duties and responsibilities imposed by this section upon his predecessor in office with regard thereto, except that he shall not be held responsible for any default or dereliction which occurred before his designation as custodian.

- (g) Whenever any person fails to comply with any civil investigative demand duly served upon him under this section or whenever satisfactory copying or reproduction of any such material cannot be done and such person refuses to surrender such material, the Attorney General may file, in the district court of the United States for any judicial district in which such person resides, is found, or transacts business, and serve upon such person a petition for an order of such court for the enforcement of this section, except that if such person transacts business in more than one such district such petition shall be filed in the district in which such person maintains his principal place of business, or in such other district in which such person transacts business as may be agreed upon by the parties to such petition.
- (h) Within twenty days after the service of any such demand upon any person, or at any time before the return date specified in the demand, whichever period is shorter, such person may file, in the district court of the United States for the judicial district within which such person resides, is found, or transacts business, and serve upon such custodian a petition for an order of such court modifying or setting aside such demand. The time allowed for compliance with the demand in whole or in part as deemed proper and ordered by the court shall not run during the pendency of such petition in the court. Such petition shall specify each ground upon which the petitioner relies in seeking such relief, and may be based upon any failure of such demand to comply with the provisions of this section or upon any constitutional or other legal right or privilege of such person.
- (i) At any time during which any custodian is in custody or control of any documentary

material delivered by any person in compliance with any such demand, such person may file, in the district court of the United States for the judicial district within which the office of such custodian is situated, and serve upon such custodian a petition for an order of such court requiring the performance by such custodian of any duty imposed upon him by this section.

(j) Whenever any petition is filed in any district court of the United States under this section, such court shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine the matter so presented, and to enter such order or orders as may be required to carry into effect the provisions of this section.

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.

ABOUT LII CONTACT US 🚓 ADVERTISE HERE HELP TERMS OF USE

	Sparch
	Seald
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
USC : Title 18 - CRIMES AND CRIMINAL PROCEDURE	SEARCH US COD
	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
There are 74 Updates Pending. Select the tab below to view.	Title 18 USC, RS
US Code Notes Updates	Table of Popula Parallel Table o
Current through Pub. L. 113-52. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	841
• PART I—CRIMES (§§ 1-2725)	
PART II—CRIMINAL PROCEDURE (§§ 3001–3771) PART III—PRISONS AND PRISONERS (§§ 4001–4353) PART IV. CORRECTION OF YOUTHER OFFENDERS (§§ 5001–5043)	Donations c
 PART IV—CORRECTION OF YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS (§§ 5001–5042) PART V—IMMUNITY OF WITNESSES (§§ 6001–6005) 	
	GET INVOLVEI
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links	LII Annour
to or references LII.	LII Suprem
	MAKE A D
	CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
	FIND A LAWYE
	All lawyers
	form lattice come to
	LAW ABOUT
	12111 11DO 1111 1
	• <u>Incarceration</u>
P	<u>Parolee</u><u>Parole</u>
· ·	• <u>Transcarcera</u>
	a service service than the service of Services

ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follov
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 11 > § 201 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 201 - Bribery of public officials and witnesses	SEARCH US COD
There is 1 Update Pending. Select the tab below to view.	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates Authorities (CFR)	Download the P Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Parallel Table of
(a) For the purpose of this section	8+1
(1) the term "public official" means Member of Congress, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner, either before or after such official has qualified, or an officer or employee or person acting for or on behalf of the United States, or any department, agency or branch of Government thereof, including the District of Columbia, in any official function, under or by authority of any such department, agency, or branch of Government, or a juror;	Donations c GET INVOLVEI
(2) the term "person who has been selected to be a public official" means any person who has been nominated or appointed to be a public official, or has been officially informed that such person will be so nominated or appointed; and	LII Annour
(3) the term "official act" means any decision or action on any question, matter, cause, suit, proceeding or controversy, which may at any time be pending, or which may by law be brought before any public official, in such official's official capacity, or in such official's place of trust or profit.	MAKE A DI CONTRIBU BECOME A GIVE FEED
(b) Whoever—	
(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, offers or promises anything of value to any public official or person who has been selected to be a public official, or offers or promises any public official or any person who has been selected to be a public official to give anything of value to any other person or entity, with intent—	FIND A LAWYE
(A) to influence any official act; or	America in the control of the contro
(B) to influence such public official or person who has been selected to be a public official to commit or aid in committing, or collude in, or allow, any fraud, or make opportunity for the commission of any fraud, on the United States; or	LAW ABOUT
(C) to induce such public official or such person who has been selected to be a public official to do or omit to do any act in violation of the lawful duty of such official or person;	Public corruptBriberyKickbacks

- (2) being a public official or person selected to be a public official, directly or indirectly, corruptly demands, seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to receive or accept anything of value personally or for any other person or entity, in return for:
 - (A) being influenced in the performance of any official act;
- (B) being influenced to commit or aid in committing, or to collude in, or allow, any fraud, or make opportunity for the commission of any fraud, on the United States; or
- (C) being induced to do or omit to do any act in violation of the official duty of such official or person;
- (3) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any person, or offers or promises such person to give anything of value to any other person or entity, with intent to influence the testimony under oath or affirmation of such first-mentioned person as a witness upon a trial, hearing, or other proceeding, before any court, any committee of either House or both Houses of Congress, or any agency, commission, or officer authorized by the laws of the United States to hear evidence or take testimony, or with intent to influence such person to absent himself therefrom;
- (4) directly or indirectly, corruptly demands, seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to receive or accept anything of value personally or for any other person or entity in return for being influenced in testimony under oath or affirmation as a witness upon any such trial, hearing, or other proceeding, or in return for absenting himself therefrom:

shall be fined under this title or not more than three times the monetary equivalent of the thing of value, whichever is greater, or imprisoned for not more than fifteen years, or both, and may be disqualified from holding any office of honor, trust, or profit under the United States.

(c) Whoever-

- (1) otherwise than as provided by law for the proper discharge of official duty—
- (A) directly or indirectly gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any public official, former public official, or person selected to be a public official, for or because of any official act performed or to be performed by such public official, former public official, or person selected to be a public official; or
- (B) being a public official, former public official, or person selected to be a public official, otherwise than as provided by law for the proper discharge of official duty, directly or indirectly demands, seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to receive or accept anything of value personally for or because of any official act performed or to be performed by such official or person;
- (2) directly or indirectly, gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any person, for or because of the testimony under oath or affirmation given or to be given by such person as a witness upon a trial, hearing, or other proceeding, before any court, any committee of either House or both Houses of Congress, or any agency, commission, or officer authorized by the laws of the United States to hear evidence or take testimony, or for or because of such person's absence therefrom;
- (3) directly or indirectly, demands, seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to receive or

- Obstruction
- Securities dis arbitrators

accept anything of value personally for or because of the testimony under oath or affirmation given or to be given by such person as a witness upon any such trial, hearing, or other proceeding, or for or because of such person's absence therefrom; shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both.

- (d) Paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (b) and paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (c) shall not be construed to prohibit the payment or receipt of witness fees provided by law, or the payment, by the party upon whose behalf a witness is called and receipt by a witness, of the reasonable cost of travel and subsistence incurred and the reasonable value of time lost in attendance at any such trial, hearing, or proceeding, or in the case of expert witnesses, a reasonable fee for time spent in the preparation of such opinion, and in appearing and testifying.
- (e) The offenses and penalties prescribed in this section are separate from and in addition to those prescribed in sections 1503, 1504, and 1505 of this title.

4

LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.

ABOUT LII

CONTACT US

ADVERTISE HERE

HELP

TERMS OF USE

•	
	Searcl
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYEN / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELP OUT	Follor
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 11 > § 224 > PREV NEXT	H.C. CONTI
USC > little 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 11 > § 224 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
18 USC § 224 - Bribery in sporting contests	SEARCH US COD
л	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
US Code Notes Updates	Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Title 18 USC, RS Table of Popula Parallel Table of
(a) Whoever carries into effect, attempts to carry into effect, or conspires with any other person to carry into effect any scheme in commerce to influence, in any way, by bribery any sporting contest, with knowledge that the purpose of such scheme is to influence by	. 8 +1 (
bribery that contest, shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.	A 180 M 25 SM N 10 000000
	Donations c
(b) This section shall not be construed as indicating an intent on the part of Congress to	
occupy the field in which this section operates to the exclusion of a law of any State, territory, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States, and no law of any State,	
territory, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States, which would be valid in the	GET INVOLVEI
absence of the section shall be declared invalid, and no local authorities shall be deprived	LII Annour
of any jurisdiction over any offense over which they would have jurisdiction in the	
absence of this section.	<u>LII Suprem</u>
(c) As used in this section—	MAKE A D
(1) The term "scheme in commerce" means any scheme effectuated in whole or in part	<u>CONTRIBU</u> BECOME A
through the use in interstate or foreign commerce of any facility for transportation or communication;	GIVE FEED
	C CLASSICAL COMMANDE
(2) The term "sporting contest" means any contest in any sport, between individual contestants or teams of contestants (without regard to the amateur or professional	[4.511511.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.
status of the contestants therein), the occurrence of which is publicly announced before its occurrence;	FIND A LAWYE
(3) The term "person" means any individual and any partnership, corporation, association, or other entity.	All lawyers
	research from the street
LII has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII.	LAW ABOUT
	• Bribery
	• Sports law
	 disbarment

	Search
ABOUT LII / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGA	The state of the s
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 19 >	PREV NEXT U.S. CODE
18 USC Chapter 19 - CONSPIRACY	SEARCH US COD
US Code Notes Updates	Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
***************************************	<u>Title 18 USC, RS</u> Table of Popula
Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for	
 §371. Conspiracy to commit offense or to defrait §372. Conspiracy to impede or injure officer §373. Solicitation to commit a crime of violence 	ud United States 8+1 _1
E N	<u>Donations</u> c
LII has no control over and does not endorse any ext	ernal Internet site that contains links
to or references LII.	GET INVOLVEI
	LII Annour
ж 5	<u>LII Suprem</u>
e e st	MAKE A DECONTRIBU BECOME A GIVE FEED
	FIND A LAWYE
	All lawyers
	LAW ABOUT
	 Pinkerton Lia Solicitation Alabama

ABOUT LIFE OF THE LAW FIND A LAWYER FIND A L		
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 19 > § 371 > PREV NEXT U.S. CODE 8 USC § 371 - Conspiracy to commit offense or to defraud United States US Code Notes Updates Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) Two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, in to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each halbe fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. In however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a hisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Ul has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that contains links or references Lil. UL Supter MAKE A DI. Seconde A CIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal is	and the state of t	Searcl
USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 19 > § 371 > PREV NEXT U.S. CODE 8 USC § 371 - Conspiracy to commit offense or to defraud United States US Code Notes Updates Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) Two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, in to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each halbe fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. In however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a hisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Ul has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that contains links or references Lil. UL Supter MAKE A DI. Seconde A CIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal is		Fallor
SEARCH US COD United States US Code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L. 113-36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) Two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, re to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each hall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. In however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a hisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Uhas no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links or references UI. LIE Annour LIE Supter MAKE A D CONTRIB. BECOME A GIVE FEED LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawai E	SOUT LIE / GET THE LAW / FIND A LAWYER / LEGAL ENCYCLOPEDIA / HELPOUT	FOIIO
Us code Notes Updates Us code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, re to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each hall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. In however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a hisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Uhas no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links to or references LII. LII Annour LII Annour LII LSupter MAKE A D CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal f.	USC > Title 18 > Part 1 > Chapter 19 > § 371 > PREV NEXT	U.S. CODE
US Code Notes Updates Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) Two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, or to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each nail be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. The however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a nisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. GET INVOLVEI Lii Annour Lii Suprem MAKE A.D. CONTRIBL BECOME A. GIVE FEED LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal f.	USC § 371 - Conspiracy to commit offense or to defraud	SEARCH US COD
Title 18 USC. RETable of Popula Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) Ref of Popula To defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each nall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. Donations C Dona		Wex: <u>Criminal L</u>
Table of Popula Parallel Table of		Download the P
Current through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.) Parallel Table of two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, in to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each nall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. In however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a hisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. If has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links are or references UI. LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D. CONTRIBE BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal f	JS Code Notes Updates	
two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, or to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each nall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. In however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a hisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. If has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that contains links to or references LII. If has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that contains links or or references LII. If has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that contains links or or references LII. If has no control over and does not endorse any external internet site that contains links or or references LII. LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D. CONTRIB. BECOME A. GIVE FEED. FIND A LAWYE. All lawyers. LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawai fi	i.	
two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States, r to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each nall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. Donations of the conspiracy, is a nisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Uhas no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links or references LII. MAKE A DICONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	urrent through Pub. L. 113–36. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)	Parallel Table of
r to defraud the United States, or any agency thereof in any manner or for any purpose, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each nall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. Donations of the conspiracy, is a hisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Lil Annour Lil Annour Lil Suprem Make A.D. CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawai f		8+1 (
nd one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each nall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. Donations of the conspiracy, is a nisdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Lil Annour Lil Annour Lil Suprem or references Lil. MAKE A D. CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi		
hall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. It has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links or references LII. It has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links or references LII. FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT Conspiracy Withdrawal fi		
however, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a disdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. GET INVOLVEI Lil Annour Lil Annour Lil Suprem MAKE A D. CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi		1300 (300 (100 (100 (1 10 (10 (10
Is demeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum unishment provided for such misdemeanor. Lil Annour	ill be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.	<u>Donations</u> c
Unishment provided for such misdemeanor. LII Annour LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	nowever, the offense, the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy, is a	
Lil Annour If has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links o or references LII. MAKE A D. CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawai fi		
Has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links of or references LII. MAKE A D. CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawai fi		
FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum	GET INVOLVEI
FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum	
BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment for such maximum nishment n	LII Annour
FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment for such maximum nishment n	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D
FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment for such maximum nishment n	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D CONTRIBL
FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment for such maximum nishment n	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D CONTRIBL BECOME A
FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment for such maximum nishment n	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D CONTRIBL BECOME A
All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The shall not exceed the maximum nishment for such maximum nishment n	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D CONTRIBL BECOME A
All lawyers LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A D CONTRIBL BECOME A
LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal f	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal for	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal for	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
LAW ABOUT • Conspiracy • Withdrawal for	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED
• <u>Conspiracy</u> • <u>Withdrawal f</u> ı	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
• Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
• Withdrawal fi	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers
the state of the s	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. This has no control over and does not endorse any external Internet site that contains links for references LII.	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DI CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT
= 311 131/31(F (11))F	sdemeanor only, the punishment for such conspiracy shall not exceed the maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The provided for such maximum nishment provided for such misdemeanor. The provided for s	LII Annour LII Suprem MAKE A DO CONTRIBL BECOME A GIVE FEED FIND A LAWYE All lawyers LAW ABOUT